Operations Manual

OM-001-01000-00P-03.9

APS-1000P Series Power Converters





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Contact Information

Adaptive Power Systems, Inc.

17711 Mitchell North • Irvine, CA 92614 USA
Telephone: (949) 752-8400
FAX: (949) 756-0838
E-mail: sales@adaptivepower.com
Web: http://www.adaptivepower.com



APS-1000P Series Power Converters Limited Warranty

Adaptive Power Systems, Inc. (APS) warrants each unit to be free from defects in material and workmanship. For the period of one (1) year from the date of shipment to the purchaser, APS will either repair or replace, at its sole discretion, any unit returned to the APS factory in Irvine, California. It does not cover damage arising from misuse of the unit or attempted field modifications or repairs. This warranty specifically excludes damage to other equipment connected to this unit.

Upon notice from the purchaser within (30) days of shipment of units found to be defective in material or workmanship, APS will pay all shipping charges for the repair or replacement. If notice is received more than thirty (30) days from shipment, all shipping charges shall be paid by the purchaser. Units returned on debit memos will not be accepted and will be returned without repair.

This warranty is exclusive of all other warranties, expressed or implied.

APS-1000P Series Service and Spare Parts Limited Warranty

APS warrants repair work to be free from defects in material and workmanship for the period of ninety (90) days from the invoice date. This *Service and Spare Parts Limited Warranty* applies to replacement parts or to subassemblies only. All shipping and packaging charges are the sole responsibility of the buyer. APS will not accept debit memos for returned power sources or for subassemblies. Debit memos will cause return of power sources or assemblies without repair.

This warranty is exclusive of all other warranties, expressed or implied.



Chapter 1 Introduction

Overview

Chapter 1 contains important information you should read BEFORE attempting to install and power-up your APS-1000P Series Power Converter. The information in this chapter is provided for use by experienced operators. Experienced operators understand the necessity of becoming familiar with, and then observing, life-critical safety and installation issues. Topics in this chapter include:

- Safety Notices
- Warnings
- Cautions
- Preparation for Installation
- Installation Instructions
- Transportation
- Storage

Introduction to the APS-1000P Power Converter

APS-1000P Series Power Converters have been designed for long-life trouble-free operation in the shop-floor testing environment. The input to APS-1000P units is commercially available power at fixed voltage and frequency. The output from APS-1000P units is programmable power at user-controlled voltages and frequencies.

There are several operational modes: (1) front panel manual control; (2) manually programmed test sequences; (3) external control of the manually programmed test sequences; and (4) external programmable control. All units have the ability to be externally controlled by remote switch closures. For more complex control sequences

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and data acquisition, each P-series unit includes a user-specified RS-232 external serial interface or GPIB external parallel interface.

The APS-1000P Series of Power Converters have been designed to provide frequency and voltage conversion in a controlled test environment. Both manually adjustable and remotely programmable settings are provided. All APS-1000P Series Power Converters provide 1-phase output power. Different models cover the power range from 2 kVA to 60 kVA. All units provide user-controlled 1-phase output power within the frequency range of 45 - 500 Hz.

All APS-1000P Series units operate as double-conversion power converters. The first conversion is AC to DC. The second conversion is DC back to AC. All units (except the 1-phase input APS-1002P, APS-1003P, and APS-1005P) operate with 3-phase input power. After rectification, filtering removes high-frequency content. Low-ripple DC is subsequently converted to 1-phase AC by a high-frequency pulse-width-modulated (PWM) switcher. Precise control is maintained by using a highly stable digital oscillator.

APS-1000P Series Power Converters are designed for long-term continuous operation in sheltered (no rain) environments. Because there are no batteries, APS-1000P units operate reliably over a wide ambient temperature range. Through the use of switching technology the equipment is efficient (about 85%). Power Converter units are relatively tolerant of high dust environments.

Safety Notices

- APS-1000P Series Power Converters can transfer very large amounts of electrical energy very quickly.
- The rapid transfer of large amounts of electrical energy is fundamental to any high-performance power source.
- Only experienced operators who have both read and understood the information in this manual should attempt to operate the unit.
- The following warnings and cautions herein must be observed at all times.

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WARNINGS indicate potentially hazardous situations, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. All warnings throughout this manual will appear as follows:

WARNING
THIS EQUIPMENT CONTAINS HIGH ENERGY, LOW IMPEDANCE CIRCUITS!! LETHAL POTENTIALS ARE CONTAINED WITHIN THE CABINET.
CARE MUST BE EXERCISED WHEN OPERATING, CALIBRATING, OR SERVICING THIS EQUIPMENT, IN ORDER TO PREVENT SERIOUS OPERATOR INJURY OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE.
OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WHEN SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE ARE REQUIRED:
1) REMOVE ALL JEWELRY FROM ARMS AND NECK WHEN SERVICING THIS EQUIPMENT. THIS PREVENTS THE POSSIBILITY OF SHORTING THROUGH THE JEWELRY AND CAUSING BURNS TO THE OPERATOR.
 WEAR SAFETY GLASSES WHEN SERVICING THIS EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT EYE INJURY DUE TO FLYING PARTICLES CAUSED BY ACCIDENTAL SHORT CIRCUIT CONDITIONS.
3) DO NOT REMOVE ANY PANEL OR COVER WITHOUT FIRST REMOVING THE INPUT POWER BY OPENING ALL CIRCUIT BREAKERS.
4) SERVICE OTHER THAN REGULARLY SCHEDULED CALIBRATION OR EXTERNAL CLEANING SHOULD BE REFERRED TO PERSONNEL AUTHORIZED BY THE FACTORY TO SERVICE THIS EQUIPMENT.





CAUTIONS indicate a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It also may be used to alert against unsafe practices. Cautions will appear as shown below. All cautions should be rigorously observed.



To protect the equipment from damage, caution statements are used as follows:



Refer to *INDUSTRY STANDARDS* for the safe correct size of the power input cables. The incorrect use of small-gauge input cables may cause overheating and damage the cables or the equipment.

- Before using this AC converter, please read all the safety labels that are attached to this unit.
- Before turning on the input power source to this equipment, please check to make sure that the input voltage selection is correct.





Preparation for Installation

Important Information and Instructions

This section contains instructions for unpacking, inspecting, preparing and storing your APS-1000P Power Converter.

Unpacking and Inspection

APS-1000P Power Converters are well packed to provide protection in the normal shipping environment. If the shipping box appears damaged upon receiving, please inspect the power source for scratches or damage. If the product has been damaged, please alert the freight company and contact APS or the distributor. Please keep the original box and packing to assist in determining how the damage occurred.

What to do if Damage has Occurred

If your APS-1000P Power Converter was damaged in shipment, you must file a damage claim with the freight company. Do not return the product before contacting APS to receive a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number.

Please retain all the original packing materials. If the APS-1000P Power Converter must be sent back for repair, use the original packing materials for packing.

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Installation Instructions

Input and Output Circuit Breakers

APS-1000P Power Converter input and output circuit breakers and their connections are on the rear of the unit. Please check to make sure all wires are connected correctly and secured. Cooling fans, located at the sides and rear of the unit, provide air circulation for cooling and heat removal.

A typical wiring diagram is shown on the following page.

AC Line Input Current Requirements

TheAC input requirement for the APS Power Converter depends on the configured AC input voltage and total power level of the specific APS 1000 model. For three phase AC input models, the current shown in the table below is for each phase.

Input wire sizes must be chosen to support the maximum currents shown in this table and must conform to local electrical safety codes. **Note** that these values are based on the AC input circuit breaker rating for each model. The actual AC input currents are lower than the values shown.

AC Line Input Current Requirements									
Мо	odel	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P	
Input Phase	1-phase / GN	2-wire + D	3-phase						
Rated Power	Total Power	3 KVA	5 KVA	10 KVA	20KVA	30KVA	40KVA	60KVA	
Phase Currents	230V, 1ø	20 A	36 A	-	-	-	-	-	
	208V, 3ø	-	-	40 A	100 A	125 A	175 A	250 A	
	220V, 3ø	-	-	40 A	100 A	125 A	150 A	250 A	
	240V, 3ø	-	-	40 A	75 A	100 A	150 A	225 A	
	380V, 3ø	-	-	30 A	50 A	75 A	100 A	150 A	
	415V, 3ø	-	-	20 A	40 A	60 A	100 A	125 A	
	480V, 3ø	-	-	20 A	40 A	50 A	75 A	125 A	



Input Voltage Requirement and Selection

APS-1000P Series Power Converters are delivered with a universal input transformer. You will receive your unit factory-connected and tested at the voltage specified at the time of order. Please check the unit data plate to verify the voltage is correct.

Operating Environment

APS-1000P Series Power Converters are designed to operate reliably over a wide range of environmental conditions. Please operate within the following limits:

- Temperature: $0 \circ C 40 \circ C (32 \circ F 104 \circ F)$
- Humidity: 20% 80% (Non-condensing)
- Altitude: Below 2,000 meters (6,500 feet) of elevation

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Example Wiring Diagram



NOTE: Other terminal configurations are possible. For example, there is no neutral terminal for 3-phase delta-winding inputs. In addition, depending on voltage range, there may be no neutral terminal. All units provide 1-phase outputs. Inputs are 3-phase, except for APS-1002P, APS-1003P, and APS-1005P, which have 1-phase inputs (2-wire plus ground).



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Storage and Transportation

Packing Instructions

Please retain all the original packing materials. If the equipment must be sent back for repair, use the original packing materials for packing. Please contact the APS repair center or factory before returning equipment. Be sure to send all accessories and indicate the symptoms and cause of failure if known.

Other packing Material

If the original packing material is missing, please follow the instructions below:

- Wrap the equipment in PU (polyurethane) foam or Styrofoam.
- The equipment must be protected by shock-resistant material, about 70 to 100mm thick (3 to 4 inches).
- The front panel must be protected with cardboard.
- Secure packing tightly and insert unit into a wooden crate if possible.
- Label the box "fragile" and transport carefully.

Non-Operating Environment

The APS-1000P Series Frequency Converter can be stored and transported under the following environment:

- Temperature: -40 °C 55 °C (-40 °F 131 °F)
- Altitude: 7,620 meters (25,000 feet)

Avoid sudden temperature changes. Sudden changes in temperature may result in condensation inside the equipment.

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Chapter 2 Specifications

Overview

Chapter 2 summarizes the capabilities and general features of the APS-1000P family of Power Converters. Functional capabilities are similar for all units. APS units convert fixed line voltage at a fixed frequency to user-selected 1-phase output voltages and frequencies. The primary differences between units are size, weight, type of external data interface, and specific power handling capability. All units provide built-in PLC remote control for three program memories.

At the time of purchase, APS-1000P users select between one of two external control and data interfaces: either RS-232 or GPIB. Both external interfaces provide full input and output control of functions and data, independent of internally stored programs. In addition, the external interfaces control eight APS-1000P internal program memories.

Please note, application of external control and data acquisition require instrumentation programming skills. Therefore, Adaptive Power Systems recommends that only experienced test instrumentation programmers prepare the RS-232 or GPIB test programs.

The Displays and Controls Table in this section provides summary information about the programmable memories and external control. More detailed information about external interface control is found in Chapter 5.

This Chapter includes five summary tables and a surge-current performance graph. The tables summarize different capabilities and features of APS-1000P Power Converters. The graph illustrates over-current (start-up surge-current) capabilities.

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Introduction

APS-1000P Power Converters are rugged versatile workhorses. The intended location for APS-1000P units is the test floor, not a laboratory workbench. The smallest unit, the APS-1002P, weights 177 lbs. The largest unit, the APS-1060P, weights 1825 lbs. Users can select from several modes of operation:

- full-manual operation
- manually programmed operation
- remote PLC operation
- remotely programmed serial data operation (RS-232 option)
- remotely programmed parallel data operation (GPIB option)
- combinations of these operational modes

In keeping with their workhorse nature, all APS-1000P units feature a 200% start-up surge-current capability. The ability to source initial surge currents prevents the programmed over-current protection from disabling a test.

APS-1000P Specifications

The following five tables and surge current graph provide detailed information about the entire family of APS-1000P Series of power converters.

- Input Electrical Specifications
- Output Electrical Specifications
- Displays and Controls
- Mechanical Specifications
- Environmental Specifications
- Surge-Current Rating Graph

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Input Electrical Specifications									
М	odel		1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P
Input Phase		1-phase / 2-	wire + Ground			3-pha	se		
Input Voltag	je(VAC L/L)		230 V	± 15%	208,220	,240(3W	+G)380,	415,480(4	4W+G)±10%
Input Frequ	ency				4	7 – 63 Hz			
	Ο	ut	out Elec	trical Sp	ecifica	tions			
Total	Power		3 KVA	5 KVA	10 KVA	20 KVA	30 KVA	40 KVA	60KVA
Maximum	0 – 150 V		25.2 A	42.0 A	84.0 A	168.0 A	252.0 A	336.0 A	504.0 A
Amps	0 – 300 V		12.6 A	21.0 A	42.0 A	84.0 A	126.0 A	168.0 A	252.0 A
Phase					1-phase /	2-wire + (Ground		
	Low Range	;			0) – 150 V			
	High Rang	je			0) – 300 V			
Voltage	Resolution	า				0.1 V			
	Accuracy				± (1	1% + 0.2 V	()		
	Range				45	5 – 500 Hz			
Frequency	Resolution	า		0.1 Hz a	at 45 – 99.9	9 Hz, 1 Hz	at 100 – 5	500 Hz	
	Accuracy			± 0.2%					
Para	meters	•	1003P 1005P		1010P 1020P 1030P 1040P			1060P	
	Range H	L	0.000	– 3.5 A		0.00 -	35.00 A		0.0-350A
		Н	3.00 -	35.00 A	30.00 – 350.0 A				300-3500A
Current	Resolution	L	0.001 A		0.01 A			0.1A	
ourroint		Н	0.01 A		0.1 A			1A	
		L	± (1% of rea	ading + 0.005		± (1%	of reading	g + 2 count	s)
	Accuracy	Н	\pm (1% of reading + 0.01		± (1% of reading + 1 coun			t)	
	Range	L	0.0 – 3	350.0 W		0.000 – 3	3.500 kW	0.0-35.0kW	
		Н	300 –	5000 W		3.00 – 60.00 kW			30.0-350kW
Power	Resolution	L	0.1	1 W	0.001 kW			0.01kW	
		Н	1	W		0.01	kW		0.1kW
	Accuracy	L	± (1.5% of I	reading + 0.5		± (1.5%	6 of readin	g + 5 coun	ts)
		Н	± (1.5% of I	reading + 1.0		± (1.5°	% of readir	ng + 1 cour	nt)
Power	Range		0.001 – 1.000						
Factor Resolution			0.001						
	Accuracy		Depends on the accuracy of V, A, W						
Harmonic D	istortion		≤ 1% (Resistive Load)						
Load Regulation ± 0.5%									
Protection			Over-Current, Short-Circuit, Over-Temperature						
Efficiency			\geq 85% (at full load)						

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Power versus Output Frequency Rating Chart

The following thermal ratings apply to models 1020, 1030 and 1040 as a function of load and programmed output frequency at an ambient temperature of 25°C. This derating is caused by heat build-up in the output transformer.



Output load ratings expressed as restive load reflecting % of full load for frequency ranges at which the power source can operate continuously are as follows:

$45 Hz \sim 100 Hz$	90% resistive load
< 200Hz	77% resistive load
< 300Hz	65% resistor load
<400Hz	52% resistor load
< 500Hz	40% resistor load

At an output frequency of 500Hz and output power into 70% resistor load, the power source can operate for a period of 15 minutes then instrument output will shut down because output transformer is too hot.

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Displays and Controls								
Model	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P
4 Digital LED meters		Frequency,	Voltage, Cur	rent, Power o	or Power Fac	ctor (simultar	ieously)	
PLC Remote		Output ON/OFF Selection of programmable memories: P1, P2, P3						
Memory	Note: Prog External	8 Memories, 5 Programmable Steps per Memory for: Voltage, Frequency, Test Time, Delay Time, Current, Power, and Power Factor Hi/Lo Limit Setting Note: Programmable memories can be manually programmed and used independently of the External RS-232 or GPIB Interface. They can also be independently programmed through these external interfaces.						
Calibration		Front Panel Calibration						
PLC (external) Interface	PLC	PLC interface controls execution of programmed steps in Memories 1, 2, or 3. The PLC interface is a standard feature of all APS Power Converters.						
Ext. Data Interface Either RS- 232 or GPIB	Both RS-232 and GPIB data interfaces allow execution of remote commands. Access to and recording of active test data is possible. The data interface has read/write access to all of the 8 Programmable Memories. Note: Only one type of data interface can be installed: RS-232 or GPIB.							
Auto-Voltage Adjust	Provides improved voltage regulation to within \pm 0.1 V							

Mechanical Specifications								
Model		1003	1005	1010	1020	1030	1040	1060
Power Rat	ing	3 KVA	5 KVA	10 KVA	20 KVA	30 KVA	40 KVA	60KVA
Dimensions (In.)	Н	12	12	28	33	43	43	66
	D	26	26	29	29	39	39	39
	W	17	17	17	17	24	24	32
Weight	Kg	95	125	228	350	592	663	885
	lbs	210	275	503	772	1305	1462	1951

Environmental Specifications		
Operating Temperature	32 °F – 104 °F (0 °C – 40 °C)	
Relative Humidity	< 80 % (Non-condensing)	
Altitude	≤ 6,500 feet	

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Output Surge-Current Capability



Output Surge-Current Rating

Rated Short-Term Overload Current vs. Time

Peak instantaneous current to approximately 200% of nominal AC RMS current is allowed. The actual operating time before thermal shutdown, or before the circuit breaker trips, will always vary. The exact time depends upon the temperature and line conditions.

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Chapter 3 Unit Description

Overview

Chapter 3 helps you locate controls and understand their functions. More importantly, the names used throughout this manual to identify controls and functions are defined. You need to know the vocabulary of the APS-1000P Series to take full advantage of the information in this manual. Information in this chapter is in three sections:

- Location and function of front panel displays and controls
- Cabinet controls and connectors
- Chassis features and details

Use the information in this chapter to gain a general understanding of the locations and functionality of indicators, controls, connectors, and mechanical details of your APS-1000P unit.

Front Panel Organization

The front panel of your APS-1000P unit is organized for efficiency of operation. It is laid out to simplify operation in a test environment. The layout features:

- 4 Display Groups
 - Frequency Display
 - Voltage Display
 - Current Display
 - Multimeter Display
- 16 7-segment Display Indicators
- 16 Pushbutton Switches
- 16 LED Indicators









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	Frequency Selection
FREQUENCY display	Displays output frequency / defined frequency value, parameters during SYSTEM / PROGRAM set-up, and error messages under output error.
TEST indicator	When ON, the system is in normal power output operation.
PASS indicator	When ON, the system has satisfactorily completed the AutoRun program.
FAIL indicator	When ON, the system has encountered an output error.
PROTECT indicator	When ON, an output error has tripped the system protection circuit.
50 Hz button	Sets the output frequency to 50 Hz.
60 Hz button	Sets the output frequency to 60 Hz.
✓ button	Steps the output frequency down to a minimum of 45 Hz.
∽ button	Steps the output frequency up to a maximum of 500 Hz.

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APS-1000P Voltage Display

	Voltage Selection
VOLTAGE display	Displays the output voltage / defined voltage value and parameters during the SYSTEM / PROGRAM set-up.
150V indicator	When ON, the system is in low-voltage range (0 - 150 VAC).
300V indicator	When ON, the system is in high-voltage range (0 - 300 VAC).
LOW button	Located below the 0 – 150V range indicator.
HIGH button	Located below the 0 – 300V range indicator.
✓ button	Steps the output voltage down; SYSTEM / PROGRAM parameter select.
∽ button	Steps the output voltage up; SYSTEM / PROGRAM parameter select.

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APS-1000P Current Display

	Current Selection
CURRENT display	Displays output current or the defined current value status and values during SYSTEM/PROGRAM set-up.
LOCK indicator	When ON, the panel is in a locked state; the buttons are deactivated.
REMOTE indicator	When ON, the system is controlled by rear panel external switching. Each system has two possibilities: PLC and either RS-232 or GPIB.
AUTO indicator	When ON, the system is in programmable mode.
MANUAL indicator	When ON, the system is in manual mode.
PROGRAM indicator	When ON, the PROGRAM parameter setting mode is active.
SYSTEM indicator	When ON, the SYSTEM parameter setting mode is active.
PROGRAM button	Enters / exits PROGRAM parameter set-up.
SYSTEM button	Enters / exits SYSTEM parameter set-up.
 ✓ button 	Steps the current / SYSTEM / PROGRAM parameters value down; status select; and, sets current limit from 0.1 to system max.
∽ button	Steps the current / SYSTEM / PROGRAM parameters value up; status select; and, sets current limit from 0.1 to system max.

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APS-1000P Multimeter Display

	Multimeter Selection
MULTIMETER display	Displays Power, Power Factor, Testing Time, or Program-Step.
P indicator	When ON, MULTIMETER displays output Power (kW).
PF indicator	When ON, MULTIMETER displays Power Factor.
T indicator	When ON, MULTIMETER displays Testing Time.
P-S indicator	When ON, MULTIMETER displays the current PROGRAM MEMORY status (index of Program-Step).
TEST button	Start output or starts AutoRun program.
RESET button	Stop output.
LOCK / LOCAL button	Toggles between locked / unlocked state for the panel, using LOCAL button to leave the programmable mode.
METER button	Switches between the display of P (Power), PF (Power Factor), T (Testing Time), and P-S (Program-Step).

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Cabinet Controls and Connections

The APS-1000P controls and connections are conveniently located for ease of use and accessibility. Included are:

- Power ON/OFF
- PLC Control Port
- RS-232 Serial Data / Control Port
- GPIB Parallel Data / Control Port
- Input Power Connection
- Input Power Circuit Breaker
- Output Power Connection
- Output Power Circuit Breaker

See the following page for illustrations. The Cabinet Controls Table on page 3-9 provides additional information about each of these items.

Chassis Details

The APS-1000P is built on a rugged chassis for use in demanding test environments. Important elements of the design include:

- Handles
- Wheels
- Fans
- Vents

See the following page for illustrations. The Chassis Details Table on page 3-9 provides additional information about each of these items.

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Cabinet Features

	CABINET CONTROLS
Power ON / OFF	At the lower left side of the front of the unit. This is the main power switch that enables operation. NOTE: The unit is always in STANDBY mode when the Input Circuit Breaker is ON.
PLC Control Port	On the rear panel, DE-9 connector for external switchable selection and control of three stored programs; typically switched by a PLC. NOTE: DO NOT use this port for RS-232 or GPIB data and control.
RS-232 Serial Data and Control Port	On the rear panel, DE-9 connector for RS-232 data and control. (If available, the RS-232 port was specified by the user at time of purchase. Note, the unit supports either RS-232 or GPIB, but not both.)
GPIB Parallel Data and Control Port	On the rear panel, 24-pin IEEE488/GPIB data and control. (If available, the GPIB port was specified by the user at time of purchase. Note, the unit supports either GPIB or RS-232, but not both.)
Input Power Connection	The power input terminals are located at the lower right of the real panel. Three-Phase terminals are labeled "N" neutral; "G" Chassis / Earth Ground; and R, S, T for the power line phases (phases A, B, and C by North American convention). Two-phase terminals are labeled "N" neutral; "G" Chassis / Earth Ground; and "L" Line.
Input Pwr Circuit Breaker	This is located just above the input power terminals
Output Power Connection	The power output terminals are located at the lower left of the real panel. The terminals are labeled "G Chassis / Earth Ground; "N" neutral; and "L" Line.
Output Pwr Circuit Breaker	This is located just above the output power terminals.

	CHASSIS DETAILS
Handles	Located at the upper front and rear of the unit. These are mounted to the frame and may ONLY be used for moving the unit. In other words, the handles must NOT be used for lifting.
Wheels	The front wheels swivel for steering. They may be locked to prevent accidental movement. The rear wheels are fixed-direction only.
Fans and Vents	The unit draws air from front to back. Please keep the intake vents on the front and the fan exhausts on the rear clear of obstructions. Adequate cooling airflow is essential in maintaining proper operation.

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Chapter 4 Operating Instructions

Overview

Use the instructions in Chapter 4 to set up your APS-1000P Power Converter so you can conduct tests. However, before attempting to set up your APS unit for testing, you should be familiar with the information provided in Chapters 1, 2, and 3.

APS suggests you decide on parameter values you wish to use before turning on the unit. There are many ways you can operate your unit. Consequently, you can begin getting acquainted with the APS-1000P Converter by NOT attaching a load. You can learn to select simple parameters by observing the front panel status displays.

After you are comfortable with your ability to enter operating parameters, you should power-down completely before connecting a test load.

The information in this chapter guides you through the process of first turning on the unit and verifying the configuration.

How Chapter 4 is Organized

Chapter 4 is organized into four sections. The information begins with what to expect when you power-up the unit. The sequence of information in these four sections is intended to make your use of the APS-1000P successful. The four sections are:

- Basic Operation
- System Parameter Settings
- Program Parameter Settings
- Error Messages



Basic Operation

System Information

When the power is turned ON, the front panel will momentarily display:

- The model number, in the VOLTAGE display
- The installed firmware version number, in the CURRENT display

Voltage Setting

When the system is in RESET (Standby) or TEST (Output ON) mode, press the VOLTAGE \frown or \smile buttons to adjust the voltage value. There are two ranges: high and low. The high voltage range is 0 - 300V and the low range is 0 - 150V.



Pressing the \frown or \smile voltage adjust buttons causes the value to increase/decrease one step every 0.3 seconds. Holding a button in causes the rate of change to accelerate. After a voltage adjustment has been completed, and the voltage selection remains unchanged for 2 seconds, the voltage display will flash once. The unit will memorize the current voltage setting. The system then exits the voltage-setting mode.

NOTE: If you have a series of tests, and any of those tests requires a voltage in excess of 150V, you must start your test sequence in the high voltage mode. The unit does not automatically switch from the 150V to the 300V range. Although the unit's rated maximum power is available in either voltage range, the maximum current in the 300V range is one-half that in the 150V range.

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High/Low Output Voltage Range Setting

To switch between the high and low range, press the voltage range button (located beneath the 0 - 150V and 0 - 300V LEDs. In the low range, the voltage can be set between 0 - 150V. Available current capacity is higher, thus maintaining full power capacity. In the high voltage range, 0 - 300V, the current capacity is one-half (see Product Specifications, Chapter 2).

During TEST (Output ON), you can switch between high and low voltage modes. Switching between high/low voltage modes will not affect the voltage setting. However, there will be a brief interruption of the output (about 20 milliseconds), during the change.

If your test is unable to tolerate a 20 millisecond drop-out, you should not exercise this feature.

The system remembers your previously entered limit settings. Thus, the system will not accept a switching command which would direct operation outside the range limits. For example, if you specify a 200V lower voltage limit, the system will not allow you to switch to the low voltage (150V max) range.

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Frequency Setting

When the system is in RESET (Standby) or TEST (Output ON) mode, press the FREQUENCY \sim or \sim buttons to adjust the frequency value.



For frequencies between 45 - 99.9 Hz, the adjustment is 0.1 Hz per step. For frequencies between 100 Hz - 500 Hz, the adjustment is 1 Hz per step. However, pressing either the 50 Hz or 60 Hz buttons will cause 50 Hz or 60 Hz to be set immediately.

Pressing the \frown or \smile frequency adjust buttons causes the value to increase/decrease one step every 0.3 seconds. Holding a button "in" forces the rate of change to accelerate. When the frequency selection remains unchanged for two seconds, the frequency display will flash once. The unit will memorize the current frequency setting. The system will then exit the frequency-setting mode.

Separate buttons are provided for 50 Hz and 60 Hz frequency settings. At any time you can press one of these buttons and the frequency will change from whatever it was to either 50 Hz or 60 Hz.

Note, if your unit shuts down due to a detected Error condition, the FREQUENCY display shows an abbreviation for that error. For example, an over-current condition will result in OCP being displayed. For a listing and discussion of all displayed error conditions, see the Error Messages section of this chapter.



Current Limit Setting

When the system is in RESET (Standby) or TEST (Output ON) mode, press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to display the preset Current Limit value.



Press the \frown or \smile buttons again to adjust the value. When unchanged for two seconds, the current limit adjustment terminates and the system returns to the previous setting interface. When the current limit value is OFF, the system will protect itself by limiting the current according to output capacity (see Specifications).

Note: If your unit shuts down due to a detected Over-Current condition, the FREQUENCY display shows OCP.

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Multimeter

MULTIMETER P PF T PF T P-S LOCK TEST RESET /LOCAL METER

The active metering function will be indicated by the adjacent LEDs.

Press the METER button (on the MULTIMETER display) to scroll through Power (P), Power Factor (PF), Test Time (T), Program Set (P-S) displays. For example, P2-3 means third step of the second program-set.

Start Output

BEFORE pressing the TEST button (on the MULTIMETER display), check to ensure every setting is correct. Press the TEST button to start the output or to start executing AutoRUN-ON test. The TEST LED (on the FREQUENCY display) will light, indicating normal voltage output.

Stop Output

IF a timed test has been initiated, the output will open when the preset testing time is reached. To manually stop a preset-time test, press the RESET button.

If the Test Time (test-t) is set as Continuous (Cont), the system will output continuously, until an error is detected or the operator halts the process.. To manually stop a Continuous test, press the RESET button.

You can press the RESET button to stop any test at any time.

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Stop Alarm

When the system encounters an overload, short-circuit, over-temperature, overcurrent, or power/power-factor beyond the preset limit, the unit will shut down. Output power will turn off, and an alarm will sound. The FAIL LED (on the FREQUENCY display) will flash and the PROTECT LED (on the FREQUENCY display) will light (indicates over-load, short-circuit or over-temperature). Pressing the RESET button (on the MULTIMETER display) once will disable the alarm, pressing it again will reset the error message and return the unit to standby status.



NOTE: Please determine the cause (source) of any alarm and correct the problem — before pressing TEST — to start the output again.

Lock Button

Pressing the LOCK/LOCAL button (on the MULTIMETER display) will light the LOCK LED (on the CURRENT display) and disable the other controls, except the METER button (on the MULTIMETER display). Pressing the LOCK/LOCAL button again unlocks the front panel. This procedure is used to avoid accidental adjustments to the system.

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External Switching Control

For external control, you can also use your installed external RS-232 or GPIB port. Both of these interfaces provide two-way APS-1000P control and data when using an external controller. Please see Chapter 5 for details about using RS-232 and GPIB.

Alternatively, you can attach a simple external switching controller, such as a PLC, to the 9-pin PLC D-sub connector on the rear panel. A PLC can be used to control the output ON/OFF or to switch between any of three pre-programmed control memories (P1, P2, or P3). Chapter 5 describes PLC operation.

NOTE: The PLC connector is NOT an input/output port for RS-232 serial data or for GPIB parallel data. RS-232 or GPIB controllers must use their own port.

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System Parameter Settings

APS-1000P front panel displays are used to present status, test data, and system parameters. This is the normal mode of display during operation. A special operator-selected mode (described below) is entered when using the front panel displays for setting system parameters.

Entering the System Parameter Setting Mode

To enter the System Parameter Setting Mode, begin from the RESET (Standby) mode. Press the SYSTEM (on the CURRENT display) button. The SYSTEM LED (above the SYSTEM switch) lights up. System parameters are shown in the FREQUENCY and VOLTAGE displays. The present status and values are shown in the CURRENT display.

- Press the VOLTAGE ~ or ~ buttons to select parameters for adjustment.
- Press the CURRENT
 or
 buttons to set status and values for each item.

Sequence of System Parameters

The System Parameter items are presented in the following order:

- PLC Remote
- GPIB Address (NOTE: Optional, only displays when installed)
- Auto Voltage Adjust
- Power-Up
- Unit Testing Time
- Auto Loop Cycle Ratio
- Frequency Hi-Limit
- Frequency Low-Limit
- Voltage Hi-Limit
- Voltage Low-Limit
- Over-Current Foldback

After the last item appears, the system will cycle back to the first item on the list. When you have finished, press SYSTEM (on the CURRENT Display), to exit the System Parameter Setting mode.

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System Parameter Table				
FREQUENCY DISPLAY	VOLTAGE DISPLAY	CURRENT DISPLAY	DESCRIPTION	
	PLC	DFF	External Control / PLC Remote	
	PLE	Dn	ON/OFF	
БРІ Ь	Addr		Optional GPIB Address	
AULo	RdJ	DFF	Auto Voltage adjust function (AGC)	
AULo	RdJ	Dn	voltage regulation is improved.	
	Ρ-ΔΡ	DFF		
	Ρ-ΔΡ	Dn	Power-Up output status	
	Ρ-ΔΡ	LASE		
E	Un ıt	SEC		
E	Un ıt	חו חח	Testing time unit selection	
Ŀ	Un ıt	Hollr		
LooP	r ALE	1		
LooP	r ALE	10	Auto Loop cycle ratio selection	
LooP	r ALE	100		
FrE9	HI	500_0	Maximum frequency setting limit	
FrE9	L 🛛	45_0	Minimum frequency setting limit	
Uort	HI	300_0	Maximum voltage setting limit	
Uort	LØ	0_0	Minimum voltage setting limit	
<i>ΔΕ</i>	Ford	Dn		
ΠΓ	Ford	DFF	Constant Current output mode, ON / OFF	



Setting System Parameters (Programming)

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
	PLE	0n / 0FF

PLC Remote. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to toggle the PLC ON / OFF in the current display.

- **OFF** The system is controlled directly from the front panel.
- **ON** The system is controlled by an external controller that is connected to the 9-PIN D-sub PLC connector on the rear panel.

Pressing any button on the front panel will cause the display to show PLC-ON, the buzzer to beep twice, and the display to return to RESET (Standby) mode. The LOCK / LOCAL, SYSTEM, and METER buttons are the only ones that will function when the PLC feature is ON. **NOTE: DO NOT use the PLC port for RS-232 serial or GPIB parallel data.**

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
ЭPI Ь	Ь	Addr

GPIB Option. This parameter only displays when the GPIB option is installed. Use the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to set the GPIB address (factory determined as 08). For details, please refer to the GPIB External Interface section in Chapter 5.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
AULo	RdJ	On / OFF

Auto Voltage Adjust. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to toggle ON / OFF. When ON, the automatic gain control circuit is activated and voltage regulation improves. The voltage will be automatically adjusted to maintain $\pm 0.1V$ of the set value.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
	Ρ-ͺͺ	On / OFF / LASE

Power Up. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to step the current display between OFF/ON/LASt.

- **OFF** The system will start in standby mode.
- **ON** The system will power up using the default output settings.
- LASt The system will power up using the output settings that were active when it was last shut down.

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Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
Ŀ	Un ıt	5EE / Tin/ Hollr

Unit Test Time. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to step the current display between SEC/Min/Hour.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
LooP	r ALE	1/ 10/ 100

Auto Loop. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to step the current display between $\times 1$, $\times 10$, $\times 100$. The total number of cycles of system output is determined by the number of loop cycles set in the PROGRAM parameters "LooP CyCL" times the ratio ($\times 1$, $\times 10$, $\times 100$).

FrE9	HI	500_0
Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display

Frequency Hi Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to adjust the frequency limit value in the current display within the available range: 45.0 - 500.0 Hz. This value sets the upper frequency limit that can be adjusted during normal operation. The FrEq HI value must be higher than the FrEq LO value.

E-F9	Display	Display
Frequency	Voltage	Current

Frequency Lo Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to adjust the frequency limit value in the current display within the available range: 45.0 - 500.0 Hz. This value sets the lower frequency limit that can be adjusted during normal operation. The FrEq LO value must be lower than the FrEq HI value.

Display	Display	Display
	H/	

Voltage Hi Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to adjust the voltage limit value in the current display within the available range: 0.0 – 300.0 V. This value sets the upper voltage limit that can be adjusted during normal operation. The Volt HI value must be higher than the Volt LO value.

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Display	Display	Display
ŰOLE		<i>U_U</i>

Voltage Lo Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to adjust the voltage limit value in the current display within the available range: 0.0 - 300.0 V. This value sets the lower voltage limit that can be adjusted during normal operation. The Volt LO value must be lower than the Volt HI value.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
DE	Ford	On / OFF

Constant Current Output. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to toggle between ON/OFF.

- **OFF** The system will operate as a constant voltage power source only. If the load current exceeds the current high limit (A-HI), the unit will shut down.
- **ON** The system will limit the output current to a maximum value set by the current high limit (A-HI). For loads requiring less current than the A-HI value, the unit maintains a steady voltage output as set. If the load impedance is low enough, this function is activated when the load current attempts to exceed the current high limit (A-HI). The output current will then remain constant at the A-HI value and the output voltage will decrease accordingly.

Note: The parameter settings for current and power are described in the following section, Program Parameter Settings.

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Program Parameter Settings

When the system is in RESET (Standby) mode, press the PROGRAM button to enter the Program Parameter setting mode. The PROGRAM parameter items are shown in VOLTAGE display. The present status and values are shown in the CURRENT display

- Press the VOLTAGE
 or
 buttons to select items for adjustment.
- Press the VOLTAGE
 — button to move to the next parameter item on the list.
- Press the CURRENT
 or
 buttons to set the status and values for each item.

The Program Parameter items are presented in the following order:

- Program Selection
- Manual / AutoRUN Mode Selection
- Auto Loop Cycle
- Step Selection
- Output Voltage
- Output Frequency
- Testing Time
- Delay Decision Time
- Current High Limit
- Current Low Limit
- Power High Limit
- Power Low Limit
- Power Factor High Limit
- Power Factor Low Limit
- Connect Step

After the last item appears, the system will cycle back to the first item on the list. When you have finished, press PROGRAM (on the CURRENT Display), to leave the Program Parameter Setting mode.



Program Parameter Table			
FREQUENCY DISPLAY	VOLTAGE DISPLAY	CURRENT DISPLAY	DESCRIPTION
	Prog	1	Program Number Selection
AULo	rUn	<u> I</u> n	Auto RUN (sequenced output) mode
Allta	clla	ΠΕΕ	selection. ON = Auto mode OFE = Manual mode
/ 20	רערו	[act	
			Auto loop cycle setting.
Loop	<u>Γ</u> ΥΓΙ		Repeat 2-999 times
	SEEP	/	Step selection
	Uort	300	Output voltage setting
	FrE9	500_0	Output frequency setting
EESE	Ł	Cont	Test time setting
() (7) (
			Delay decision time setting
	H-H/		Current (Amps) high limit
	H-H/		,
	A-LO	DFF	Current (Amps) low limit
	H-LD	00_ 10	
	P-HI	DFF	Power high limit
	P-H/	00_0 /	
	P-L0	DFF	Power low limit
	P-LO	00_0 /	
	PF-H	DFF	Power Factor high limit
	PF-H	1_000	
	PF-L	DFF	Power Factor low limit
	PF-L	0_00 /	
Lonn	SEEP	DFF	Connect Step enable/disable
Lonn	SEEP	Dn	

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Setting Program Parameters (Programming)

Display	Display	Display
	Proy	<i> </i>

Program Number Selection. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select one of the eight program memory sets (P1 – P 8). Each program memory can store up to five steps.

AULo	rUn	On / OFF
Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display

Manual / AutoRUN (sequenced output) Mode Selection.

- **OFF** manual operation.
- ON When set to ON (auto mode), the other parameters for programmable operation appear in this listing. If the Connect Step (Conn StEP) setting of the programs is also set to ON, the programs will be linked together. Linking allows programs P1 through P8 to be sequenced. The system can store up to 40 steps (8 program sets × 5 steps) of different parameters including: output voltage, frequency, testing time, power limits, current limits, and power factor limits.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
LooP	באבר	[ont / OFF / 9999

Auto Loop Cycle. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select between Continuous, OFF and stepped operation (Cont / OFF / 2 – 9999). When set to Cont, the system loops continuously through the program steps. When set to OFF, the system executes one cycle. When set to any number from 2 – 9999, the system repeats the program steps that number of times. The number of loop cycles can be increased by using the Loop Rate value (LooP rAtE ×1, ×10, ×100) which is set in the SYSTEM parameter table. The total number of output cycles is the Loop CYCL value times the LooP rAtE value. For example, Loop cycle is 2 and loop rate is ×10, then the program will loop 2 × 10 = 20 times before halting.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
	SEEP	1 to 5

Step Selection. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select steps 1-5. Each of the eight program memory sets (P1 – P8) contains up to 5 steps of different settings. Programmed steps can include commands for: output voltage, frequency, testing time, power limits, current limit, and power factor limits.

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	Uort	JOD
Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display

Output Voltage. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to set the voltage value in the range 0.0 – 300.0 V. If the voltage value exceeds 150V, the high voltage mode (0 – 300V) must be selected. When the system is in the RESET (Standby) state, adjusting the voltage value in the VOLTAGE display will also change the output voltage setting in the Program Step.

	FrE9	500_0
Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display

Output Frequency. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to set the frequency value in the range 45.0 – 500.0 Hz. When the system is in the RESET (Standby) state, adjusting the frequency value in the FREQUENCY display will also change the output frequency setting in the Program Step.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
LESL	F	Cont / 9999

Test Time. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select between Cont / 1 – 9999. When set to Continuous (Cont), the system outputs continuously. When a numeric value is selected, the test time will be set to that value. The output will disconnect when the time elapses. The time assigned is set with parameters from the SYSTEM Parameter Table. Units are in seconds, minutes, and hours (SEC, Min and Hour). You can end (terminate) the output at any time by pressing RESET on the front panel.

dl AY	E	0
Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display

Delay (decision) Time. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select a value in the range 0 – 9999. When a program is started, the delay (dLay) decision time parameter disables implementation of system limit values. For example, the High/Lo settings for A, P, PF are temporarily ignored, to allow for inrush conditions. However, the dLAY decision time cannot be greater than the testing time. If the testing time is set as (Cont), the delay decision time will be set to 0. This means that the system will begin checking for out-of-range test parameters as soon as the program starts.

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Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
	A-HI	0FF / 00_00

High Current Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select between OFF and 0.0 – nn.nn, the unit's nominal current. When set to OFF, there is no current high limit. When system is in RESET (Standby) status, pressing the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons will adjust the current high limit.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
	A-LO	0FF / 00_ 10

Lo Current Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select between OFF and the full range in multiples of 0.1. When set to OFF, there is no current low limit.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
	P-HI	0FF / 00_0 /

High Power Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select between OFF and the full range in multiples of 0.01 of the unit's nominal power. When set to OFF, there is no power high limit.

	P-LO	0FF / 00_0 /
Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display

Lo Power Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select between OFF and the full range in multiples of 0.01 of the unit's nominal power. When set to OFF, there is no power low limit.

	PF-H	0FF / 1_000
Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display

High Power Factor Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select between OFF and 0.001 – 1.000. When set to "OFF", there is no power factor high limit.

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Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
	PF-L	0FF / 0_00 I

Low Power Factor Limit. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons to select between OFF and 0.001 – 1.000. When set to "OFF", there is no power factor low limit.

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
Голл	SEEP	DFF / Dn

Program Connect / Step. Press the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons select between ON/OFF.

- **OFF** There is no connection between program steps.
- ON When the operations associated with a program step have been completed, the unit will sequence directly to the next step of the (same) program group. For example, after executing Program 1, Step 1, the system will begin execution of Program 1, Step 2, (P1-1 → P1-2).

NOTE: To connect steps between program sets, the PROGRAM parameter AutoRUN of the next program set must be set as ON. (For example, P1-5 \rightarrow P2-1). With Program Connect ON and AutoRUN ON for each program, all eight programs can be linked. This provides the capability for up to 40 manually programmed steps to be sequentially executed.

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Error Messages

Why are there Errors?

Setup mistakes happen. Overloads occur. Systems under test fail. When the APS-1000P unit encounters a fault condition, an error has occurred. The result is:

- The front panel display presents a message.
- The output turns OFF.
- An alarm sounds.
- The "FAIL" LED flashes.
- The "PROTECT" LED lights

CAUTION

Any error message signifies a fault was detected in the system or in the operating environment. Please carefully record the error message. The error MUST be resolved before resuming operation. If you are unable to resolve the error, please contact APS or the distributor for service. Contact information is found on page "v" of this manual.

Clearing an Error

- Press RESET (once) to disable the alarm.
- Make a note of the error message.
- Re-read the CAUTION (above)
- Refer to following Error Message Table.
- Refer also to the more detailed explanation of error messages in the Error Message Section.
- Press RESET (again) to clear the error message and return to RESET (Standby) status.
- If you are unable to resolve the difficulty, please see page "v" of this manual for APS contact information.

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Error messages are displayed because of the following conditions:

- Fail Under voltage occurred during startup
- OCP Output current exceeded 110% of units maximum-rated value
- Hi-A Output current exceeded the set current high limit value
- Lo-A Output current was less than the set low-limit value
- Hi-P Output power exceeded the set high-limit value
- Lo-P Output power was less than the set low-limit value
- H-PF Output power factor exceeded the set high-limit value
- L-PF Output power was less than the set low-limit value
- LoDC Inverter power supply voltage less than 80% of internal bus voltage
- HiDC Inverter power supply voltage greater than 120% of internal bus voltage
- AcLP Input power was interrupted and then resumed
- FUSE Fuse opened
- Igbt Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (IGBT) overloaded
- OtP System's critical temperature was exceeded
- OVP Output voltage was high
- LVP Output voltage was low
- OPP Output power was high

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Error Message Table			
FREQUENCY DISPLAY	VOLTAGE DISPLAY	CURRENT DISPLAY	DESCRIPTION
	FALL		Under-voltage occurred during startup
DEP			Output current exceeded 110% of maximum rated value
HI - A			Output current exceeded set current high-limit value
LD-A			Output current was less than the set low-limit value
HI - P			Output power exceeded the set high-limit value
L <i>0-P</i>			Output power was less than the set low-limit value
HI - PF			Output power factor exceeded the set high-limit value
10-PF			Output power was less than the set low-limit value
Lodc			Inverter power supply voltage was less than 80% of the rated internal bus voltage
HI dc			Inverter power supply voltage was greater than 120% of the rated internal bus voltage
AcLP			Input power was interrupted and then resumed
FUSE			Fuse opened
/ 66E			Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (IGBT) overloaded
DEP			System's critical temperature was exceeded
DuP			Output voltage exceeded limit
LuP			Output voltage below limit
OPP			Output power exceeded limit

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Interpreting Error Messages

Voltage Display

Under-Voltage Occurred During Startup. During power up, if the inverter voltage does not reach the specified level, the VOLTAGE display will show FAIL, an alarm will sound, and all buttons will be disabled. Turn off the input power to reset the message.



Output Current Exceeded 110%. If the output current exceeds 110% of the set value, the FREQUENCY display will show OCP (Over Current Protect); an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding values at the time of overload.



Output Current Exceeded Hi-A Limit. If the output current exceeds the set current high limit value, the FREQUENCY display will show HI-A; an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding values at the time of overload.



Output Current Fell Below Lo-A Limit. If the output current is less than the set lowlimit value, the FREQUENCY display will show LO-A; an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding values at that time.



Output Power Exceeded Hi-P Limit. If the output power exceeds the set high-limit value, the FREQUENCY display will show HI-P; an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding values at the time of overload.

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Output Power Fell Below the Lo-P Limit. If the output power is less than the set low-limit value, the FREQUENCY display will show LO-P; an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding value at that time.



Output Power Factor Exceeded H-PF Limit. If the output power factor exceeds the set high-limit value, the FREQUENCY display will show H-PF; an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding value at that time.



Output Power Factor Fell Below the L-PF Limit. If the output power factor is less than the set low-limit value, the FREQUENCY display will show L-PF; an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT display will show the corresponding value at that time.



Inverter Power Supply Voltage Below Operating Range. If the inverter power supply voltage is less than 80% of the input voltage, the FREQUENCY display will show Lodc (Low DC voltage). This means the INVERTER supply voltage is less than the normal working range for the APS-1000P. An alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show their corresponding values.



Inverter Power Supply Voltage Exceeded Operating Range. If the inverter power supply voltage is greater than 120% of the input voltage, the FREQUENCY display will show HIdc (Hi DC voltage). This means the INVERTER supply voltage is greater than the normal working range for the APS-1000P. An alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show their corresponding values.

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AC Power Momentarily Interrupted. If the input power is interrupted and then resumed, the FREQUENCY display will show AcLP (AC Line Power). This signifies a power abnormality. An alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show their corresponding values.



Blown Fuse. If a fuse opens, the FREQUENCY display will show FUSE. This means the internal bus was overloaded. An alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show their corresponding values.



Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor Overloaded. If an insulated gate bipolar transistor (IGBT) is overloaded, the FREQUENCY display will show Igbt. The Insulated gate bipolar transistors are the main power transistors in the power conversion circuit. An alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show their corresponding values.



System Critical Temperature Exceeded. If any of the system's critical temperatures are exceeded, the FREQUENCY display will show OtP (Over temperature Protect). This signifies overheating. An alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show their corresponding values.



Output Voltage Limit Exceeded. If the output voltage exceeds the voltage setting by more than 5V on the 0-150V range or 10V on the 0-300V range, the FREQUENCY display will show OVP (Over Voltage Protect); an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding values at the time of over-voltage.

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Output Voltage Below Limit. If the output voltage is lower than the voltage setting by more than 5V on the 0-150V range or 10V on the 0-300V range, the FREQUENCY display will show LVP (Under Voltage Protect); an alarm will sound; the FAIL LED will flash; the PROTECT LED will light; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding values at the time of over-voltage.



Output Power Limit Exceeded. If the output power exceeds 125% of the rated output for 0.3 seconds or 110% of the rated output for 1.0 seconds the FREQUENCY display will show OPP (Over Power Protect); an alarm will sound; the OUTPUT/RESET LED will flash; and the VOLTAGE and CURRENT displays will show the corresponding values at the time of over-power.

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Chapter 5 External Interfaces

Overview

This chapter provides information about the three types of APS-1000P external interfaces. Use the information in Chapter 5 to take advantage of the remote control and / or data acquisition capabilities of your unit. You will probably find that test operations controlled from the front panel are relatively intuitive. However, external control of testing requires understanding the detailed commands and data structures provided in this chapter.

All APS Power Converters have Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) capability. In addition, each APS-1000P Power Converter has either an RS-232 external serial interface or a GPIB external parallel interface. Users must select either the RS-232 or GPIB interface at time of purchase. Both of these external interfaces use the same command set. Operating information in this chapter is divided into three areas:

- PLC External Interface
- RS-232 External Interface (See Caution)
- GPIB External Interface (See Caution)



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PLC External Interface

All APS Power Converters have a built-in PLC External Interface. Consequently, all APS Power Converters can be operated remotely. The PLC external interface is particularly useful for tests that require the use of independent metering and external data acquisition instrumentation. The PLC external interface allows remotely located contact closures to start / stop one of three test programs. These test programs are located in memory sets P1, P2, and P3.

Operation of the PLC remote interface does not require a true PLC, as simple switch closures are effective at starting and stopping a stored test program. However, although simple switches can be used, they require manual operation. The use of a PLC permits external automatic control of the test programs in memories P1, P2, or P3.

The APS PLC internal circuitry is activated by first setting the system parameter PLC to ON. In addition, you must connect an external switch / controller. The controller is attached using the PLC External Interface D-Sub DE-9 connector located on the rear panel of your APS-1000P Power Converter (see page 3-8).

NOTE: The PLC D-Sub DE-9 connector is NOT an RS-232 or GPIB data connector.

When the PLC system parameter is set to ON in the Systems parameters, the TEST button on the front panel is disabled. If the TEST button is pressed, PLC ON will be displayed on the panel, an alarm will sound, and the system will return to its previous status. If the system encounters an error, the front panel RESET button or the ON/OFF control at the PLC remote can be enabled to perform a system reset.

A sketch of the APS PLC DE-9 pinouts and simple switch configuration is shown on the following page.

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Manual Switcher (Three-Program Control)

You can build a simple switcher. Use the following information to build a cable and switch-box.

DE-9	ltem	Comments	
2	+ 12 VDC	Low Power, Current Limited	
3 to 5	SPST Switch	ON/OFF Dry Contact	
7 to 8	SPST, NO	P1 Momentary, Dry Contact	
7 to 9	SPST, NO	P2 Momentary, Dry Contact	
7 to 8 and 9	SPST, NO	P3 Momentary, Dry Contact	
8 and 9	Diodes (+ side)	1N4148 or 1N914, etc.	



PLC DE-9 Connector and Control

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RS-232 External Interface

Use the information in this section only if your APS-1000P unit has the RS-232 External Interface Installed. If your unit has the GPIB option installed, please turn forward to the GPIB External Interface Section (page 5-10).

The RS-232 connector is located at the rear of the APS-1000P (see page 3-8). The 9pin RS-232 connector is clearly identified, to distinguish it from the (also 9-pin) PLC connector.

DO NOT attempt to use the RS-232 port for GPIB I/O or for PLC control.



DO NOT attempt to command the APS-3000P using the RS-232 or GPIB external interfaces — unless you are an experienced programmer who is thoroughly familiar with real-time operation of programmable test instrumentation. Failure to heed this **CAUTION** may result in **SERIOUS INJURY** to test personnel or **COSTLY DAMAGE** to equipment under test. The APS-3000P has eight manually programmable memories. All experienced test personnel can learn to use the manually programmable memories.

How to Verify RS-232 Serial Operation

After you complete the following setup steps and verification, you will be able to set parameters, issue commands and make status requests via the RS-232 serial communications channel. The verification process in the checklist is described using Microsoft HyperTerminal. However, you can use any software application that conforms to this simple protocol.

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RS-232 Setup Checklist

Preliminaries

- □ Must be familiar with high-current high-voltage 1-phase and 3-phase power.
- Dever Converter model type is APS-1000P Series.
- □ Understand the APS Control Panel indicators and switches.
- □ Understand System Setup and TEST / RESET operation
- □ Understand AutoRUN Setup and TEST / RESET operation

General Purpose Computer

- □ Familiar with using general purpose computers for test applications.
- □ Microsoft Windows-based computer available.
- □ Operating system is Microsoft Windows 95 or later.
- □ Accessories / Communications folder has HyperTerminal (or equal).
- □ 9-pin RS-232 port (DE-9), or
- □ 25-pin RS-232 port and a 25-pin (DB-25) to 9-pin adapter (DE-9).

HyperTerminal (or equal) Setup

- □ Must be familiar with serial communications in a test environment.
- □ Must be familiar with Microsoft HyperTerminal or equal.
- □ Create a HyperTerminal session (assign a name to the session). Press "OK".
- □ Connect using available Com-port: "Direct to Com 2, 3, or 4". Press "OK".
- \Box Select Bits per second "9600".
- □ Select "8 data bits".
- □ Select parity "None".
- \Box Select Stop bits "1".
- \Box Select Flow control "None".
- □ Select "Loopback".
- \Box Press "OK".
- □ Verify HyperTerminal operation by simple loop-back test. Jumper pins 2 and 3.
- □ You should see on your screen whatever you enter on your keyboard.
- \Box Remove the jumper. Use a connecting cable.

Connecting Cable

- □ Locate the identified RS-232 (DE-9) connector on rear panel of the APS unit.
- □ CAUTION: DO NOT use the 9-pin (DE-9) PLC connector!
- □ Use a cross-connect cable that interconnects receive and transmit lines.
- External input (RD) pin-2 is connected to Computer output pin-3 (TD).
- External input (TD) pin-3 is connected to Computer input pin 2 (RD).
- External input signal ground pin 5 is connected to Computer signal ground pin 5.

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Standard Remote Control Interface (RS-232)

The following illustration shows how to connect your RS-232 Data Communications port to the APS RS-232 External Communications port. Both the APS external port and the connected computer are wired as Data Communications Equipment (DCE) ports. Consequently, a cross-over cable is required. If you don't use a cross-over cable, you will be connecting transmit-to-transmit and receive-to-receive. That will not work.

The RS-232 serial port uses a simple 3-wire interface. The subminiature d-shaped shell (D-sub) DE-9 pin connections for the APS-1000P and the RS-232 controller are shown in the following figure:



Instructions and Strings

As indicated in the RS-232 Setup Checklist, the RS-232 serial port of your computer should be configured for 9600 bps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, and no parity. There is no complex software protocol. There is no hardware handshaking.

Individual instructions or character strings are sent from your computer to the APS unit via the RS-232 connection. Transmitted characters are either accepted or rejected by the APS RS-232 port controller. Characters that are accepted are echoed-back. However, if there are errors, the APS RS-232 port controller will response with the code NAK = (15H). When the command string transmission is complete, an ending code LF = (0AH) should be added, for example:

TEST + LF

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RS-232 Command and Control Functions

The following three tables list the APS-1000P RS-232 commands and queries:

- Front Panel and RS-232 Command Functions
- RS-232 System Control Functions
- RS-232 Program Functions

Front Panel and RS-232 Command Functions				
NOTE	RS-232 COMMAND			
TEST	TEST	Power ON		
RESET	RESET	Power OFF		
METER X	METER X	0 = P	Refers to the front panel Multimeter	
		1 = PF		
		2 = T		
		3 = P-S		
METER?	METER?			
RANG X	RANG X	0 = Low 0-150V	APS-1000P Series units have two voltage ranges.	
		1 = High 0-300V		
RANG?	RANG?			
TD?	TD?	Output Data	Freq,V,I,W,PF,Timer	

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RS-232 System Control Functions			
NOTE	RS-232	COMMAND	
PLC X	PLC X	0 = OFF	
		1 = ON	
PLC?	PLC?		
ANALOG:BUS X	BUS X	0 = OFF	
		1 = VOLT	
		2 = FREQ	
		3 = V-F	
ANALOG:BUS?	BUS?		
AUTO:ADJ X	ADJ X	0 = OFF	
		1 = ON	
AUTO:ADJ?	ADJ?		
POWER:UP X	PUP X	0 = OFF	
		1 = ON	
		2 = LAST	
POWER:UP?	PUP?		
TIME:UNIT X	TUNIT X	0 = Second	
		1 = Minute	
		2 = Hour	
TIME:UNIT?	TUNIT?		
LOOP:RATE X	LRATE X	1	
		10	
		100	
LOOP:RATE?	LRATE?		
VOLT:HI XXX.X	VHI XXX.X		
VOLT:HI?	VHI?		
VOLT:LO XXX.X	VLO XXX.X		
VOLT:LO?	VLO?		
FREQ:HI XXX.X	FHI XXX.X		
FREQ:HI?	FHI?		
FREQ:LO XXX.X	FLO XXX.X		
FREQ:LO?	FLO?		

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RS-232 Program Functions			
NOTE	RS-	232 COMMAND	
PROGRAM X	PROG X	1 – 8	
PROGRAM?	PROG?	1 – 8	
AUTO:RUN X	AR X	0 = OFF	
		1 = ON	
AUTO:RUN?	AR?		
LOOP:CYCLE XXXX	LC XXXX	0 = Cont	
		1 = OFF	
		2 – 9999	
LOOP:CYCLE?	LC?		
STEP X	STEP X	1 – 5	
STEP?	STEP?		
VOLTAGE XXX.X	VOLT XXX.X		
VOLTAGE?	VOLT?		
FREQUENCY XXX.X	FREQ XXX.X		
FREQUENCY?	FREQ?		
DELAY:TIME XXXX	DELAY XXXX	0 – 9999	
DELAY:TIME?	DELAY?		
DWELL:TIME XXXX	DWELL XXXX	0 – 9999	
DWELL:TIME?	DWELL?		
CURR:HI XXX.X	CHI XXX.X		
CURR:HI?	CHI?		
CURR:LO XXX.X	CLO XXX.X		
CURR:LO?	CLO?		
POWER:HI XXX.X	PHI XXX.X		
POWER:HI?	PHI?		
POWER:LO XXX.X	PLO XXX.X		
POWER:LO?	PLO?		
PF:HI X.XXX	PFHI X.XXX		
PF:HI?	PFHI?		
PF:LO X.XXX	PFLO X.XXX		
PF:LO?	PFLO?		
CONNECT X	CONNECT X	0 = OFF	
		1 = ON	
CONNECT?	CONNECT?		

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GPIB External Interface

Use the information in this section only if your APS-1000P unit has the GPIB External Interface installed. If your unit has the RS-232 option installed, please turn back to the RS-232 External Interface Section (page 5-4).

The GPIB connector is located at the rear of the unit (see page 3-8). The 24-pin IEEE488 / GPIB connector is identified to clearly distinguish it from the smaller D-sub DE-9 PLC connector, also mounted on the rear of the unit. Do not attempt to use the GPIB port for RS-232 I/O or for PLC control.



CAUTION

DO NOT attempt to command the APS-3000P using the RS-232 or GPIB external interfaces — unless you are an experienced programmer who is thoroughly familiar with real-time operation of programmable test instrumentation. Failure to heed this **CAUTION** may result in **SERIOUS INJURY** to test personnel or **COSTLY DAMAGE** to equipment under test. The APS-3000P has eight manually programmable memories. All experienced test personnel can learn to use the manually programmable memories.

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GPIB Standard Status Data Structure

The following figure shows the Standard Status Data Structure and the complete data structure diagram. This information is used by instrumentation programmers who are familiar with GPIB or the IEEE488 Standard.

A registers-mode status structure is used. The model defines the Standard Event Status Register (SESR) and the Standard Event Status Enable Register (SESR). These registers generate the Event Status Bit (ESB) summary information (status byte register bit 5).

Note the queue-data structure. The model defines an output queue that becomes a sequence of output data. This data is used to obtain Message Available (MAV) information (status byte register bit 4).



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Standard Event Status Register (SESR)

The IEEE488.2 Standard defines the Standard Event Status Register (SESR). The SESR contains the actual status information derived directly from the instrument. The meaning of each bit in the SESR follows:

- **Bit 0**: Operation Complete (OPC) bit. After the device receives the *OPC command, bit 0 (OPC bit) will be set to 1, if the device completed the TEST command
- Bit 1: Not used
- **Bit 2**: Query Error (QYE) bit. Bit 2 is used to detect if an error occurred in output queue. Errors occur in the following situations: Either the instrument attempted to read an empty output queue or data in the output queue was lost.
- Bit 3: Not used
- **Bit 4**: Execution Error bit. Bit 4 signifies an execution error in the following situations: Either the device could not execute a valid command or the supplied data in the command parameter was out of range.
- **Bit 5**: Command Error (CME). Bit 5 signifies the parser detected the command error in the following situations: The parser detected an IE488.2 syntax error. (For example, command format is not compatible with Listener's format. It cannot be accepted by the Listener.) When the device receives an unrecognized command header, the parser should generate a command error message at bit 5.
- Bit 6: Not used
- **Bit 7**: Power ON (PON) bit. Bit 7 indicates that an OFF ON transition has occurred in the instrument's power supply.

GPIB Data Lines

The eight data lines, DIO1 through DIO8, carry both data and command messages. The state of the Attention (ATN) line determines whether the information is data or commands. All commands and most data use the 7-bit ASCII or ISO code set, in which case the eighth bit, DIO8, is either unused or used for parity.

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GPIB Handshake Lines

Three GPIB lines asynchronously control the transfer of message bytes between devices. Called the 3-wire interlocked handshake, this protocol guarantees that message bytes on the data lines are sent and received without transmission error.

- NRFD (not ready for data) Indicates when a device is ready or not ready to receive a message byte. The line is driven by all devices when receiving commands, by Listeners when receiving data messages, and by the Talker when enabling the HS488 protocol.
- NDAC (not data accepted) Indicates when a device has or has not accepted a message byte. The line is driven by all devices when receiving commands, and by Listeners when receiving data messages.
- DAV (data valid) Tells when the signals on the data lines are stable (valid) and can be accepted safely by devices. The Controller drives DAV when sending commands, and the Talker drives DAV when sending data messages.

GPIB Interface Management Lines

Five lines manage the flow of information across the interface:

- ATN (attention) The Controller drives ATN true when it uses the data lines to send commands, and drives ATN false when a Talker can send data messages.
- IFC (interface clear) The System Controller drives the IFC line to initialize the bus and become CIC.
- REN (remote enable) The System Controller drives the REN line, which is used to place devices in remote or local program mode.
- SRQ (service request) Any device can drive the SRQ line to asynchronously request service from the Controller.
- EOI (end or identify) The EOI line has two purposes: (1) The Talker uses the EOI line to mark the end of a message string, and (2) the Controller uses the EOI line to tell devices to identify their response in a parallel poll.

GPIB Connectors and Cables

Additional connector and cable diagrams are not provided for GPIB. APS assumes you are using high-quality commercial cables and connectors that are essential for obtaining high-speed performance provided by the GPIB bus.

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GPIB Command and Control Functions

The following four tables list the APS-1000P Series GPIB commands and queries:

- Front Panel and GPIB Command Functions
- GPIB System Control Functions
- GPIB Program Functions
- GPIB General Status Queries

Front Panel and GPIB Command Functions				
NOTE	GPIB COMMAND			
TEST	TEST	Power ON		
RESET	RESET	Power OFF		
METER X	METER X	0 = P	Refers to the front panel Multimeter	
		1 = PF		
		2 = T		
		3 = P-S		
METER?	METER?			
RANG X	RANG X	0 = Low 0-150V	APS-1000P Series units have two voltage ranges.	
		1 = High 0-300V		
RANG?	RANG?			
TD?	TD?	Output Data	Freq,V,I,W,PF,Timer	

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GPIB System Control Functions						
NOTE	GPIB C	OMMAND				
PLC X	PLC X	0 = OFF				
		1 = ON				
PLC?	PLC?					
ANALOG:BUS X	BUS X	0 = OFF				
		1 = VOLT				
		2 = FREQ				
		3 = V-F				
ANALOG:BUS?	BUS?					
AUTO:ADJ X	ADJ X	0 = OFF				
		1 = ON				
AUTO:ADJ?	ADJ?					
POWER:UP X	PUP X	0 = OFF				
		1 = ON				
		2 = LAST				
POWER:UP?	PUP?					
TIME:UNIT X	TUNIT X	0 = Second				
		1 = Minute				
		2 = Hour				
TIME:UNIT?	TUNIT?					
LOOP:RATE X	LRATE X	1				
		10				
		100				
LOOP:RATE?	LRATE?					
VOLT:HI XXX.X	VHI XXX.X					
VOLT:HI?	VHI?					
VOLT:LO XXX.X	VLO XXX.X					
VOLT:LO?	VLO?					
FREQ:HI XXX.X	FHI XXX.X					
FREQ:HI?	FHI?					
FREQ:LO XXX.X	FLO XXX.X					
FREQ:LO?	FLO?					

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	GPIB Program	Functions	
NOTE	GF	PIB COMMAND	
PROGRAM X	PROG X	1 – 8	
PROGRAM?	PROG?	1 – 8	
AUTO:RUN X	AR X	0 = OFF	
		1 = ON	
AUTO:RUN?	AR?		
LOOP:CYCLE XXXX	LC XXXX	0 = Cont	
		1 = OFF	
		2 – 9999	
LOOP:CYCLE?	LC?		
STEP X	STEP X	1 – 5	
STEP?	STEP?		
VOLTAGE XXX.X	VOLT XXX.X		
VOLTAGE?	VOLT?		
FREQUENCY XXX.X	FREQ XXX.X		
FREQUENCY?	FREQ?		
DELAY:TIME XXXX	DELAY XXXX	0 - 9999	
DELAY:TIME?	DELAY?		
DWELL:TIME XXXX	DWELL XXXX	0 – 9999	
DWELL:TIME?	DWELL?		
CURR:HI XXX.X	CHI XXX.X		
CURR:HI?	CHI?		
CURR:LO XXX.X	CLO XXX.X		
CURR:LO?	CLO?		
POWER:HI XXX.X	PHI XXX.X		
POWER:HI?	PHI?		
POWER:LO XXX.X	PLO XXX.X		
POWER:LO?	PLO?		
PF:HI X.XXX	PFHI X.XXX		
PF:HI?	PFHI?		
PF:LO X.XXX	PFLO X.XXX		
PF:LO?	PFLO?		
CONNECT X	CONNECT X	0 = OFF	
		1 = ON	
CONNECT?	CONNECT?		

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	GPIB Status	Queries
*RST	Reset Command	Reset U3
*TST?	Self-Test Query	00H = OK
		01H = TEST EEPROM ERROR
*CLS	Clear Status Command	Clear Standard Event Status Register
		Clear Service Request Register
*OPC	Operation Complete Command	When TEST command OK to set ESR BIT 0 = 1
*OPC?	Operation Complete Query	
*WAI	Wait-to-Continuous Command	
*ESR?	Std Event Status Reg. Query	BIT 0, 01H, (1) Operation Complete
	 	BIT 1, 02H, (2) Not Used
		BIT 2, 04H, (4) Query Error
		BIT 3, 08H, (8) Device Error
		BIT 4, 10H, (16) Execution Error
		BIT 5, 20H, (32) Command Error
	1	BIT 6, 40H, (64) Not Used
	1	BIT 7, 80H, (128) Power ON
*ESE <value></value>	Standard Event Status Enable Command	Value = 0 – 255
*ESE?	Standard Event Status Enable Query	0 – 255
*STB?	Read Status Byte Query	BIT 0, 01H, (1)
		BIT 1, 02H, (2)
		BIT 2, 04H, (4)
	1	BIT 3, 08H, (8)
	1	BIT 4, 10H, (16) Message Available
		BIT 5, 20H, (32) Standard Event (ESB)
		BIT 6, 40H, (64) Request Service (MSS)
		BIT 7, 80H, (128)
*SRE <value></value>	Service Request Enable Command	Value = 0 – 255
*SRE?	Service Request Enable Query	0 – 255
*PSC <value></value>	Power-ON Status Command	Value = 0 / 1
*PSC?	Power-ON Status Query	

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Chapter 6 System Calibration

Overview

Chapter 6 explains how to calibrate your APS-1000P Series Power Converter. Although each APS unit is carefully calibrated at the factory prior to shipment., periodic calibration is appropriate. Normal system maintenance requires calibration once a year (See Chapters 7).

Whether you perform calibration prior to a critical test or as a scheduled annual maintenance task, the procedures for calibration are identical.

Note, the values of some calibration parameters are different for different sizes of APS models. This chapter includes tables of all calibration parameters for all models. Please use the calibration values that are for your particular model.

APS-1000P Series Calibrations Modes

Six separate procedures are provided for the six calibration modes.

- Low-voltage mode (U-LD) calibration:
- High-voltage mode (*U*-*H*/) calibration:
- Low-current mode (*A*-∠*D*) calibration:
- High-current mode (*A*-*H*/) calibration:
- Low-power mode (*P-LD*) calibration:
- High-power mode (*P*-*H*/) calibration:

Each of the six calibration modes is explained in a separate section. As necessary, sections contain calibration parameters relative to that calibration mode.

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Calibration Setup

APS-1000P calibration is straightforward. However, you must use the appropriate calibration instrumentation and text fixtures. In addition to test cables and connectors, you will need:

- RMS Voltmeter, ± 0.2%, at least 300 VAC
- RMS Ammeter, ± 0.2%, (See Calibration Settings Table for your APS model)
- Restive Load Bank, Calculated for your APS model (See following Example)

How to Calculate the Size of the Test Load (Example)

For an example, suppose your system is an APS-1010P.

The High Current Calibration Procedure (later in this chapter) specifies an output voltage of 100 VAC, for all models. From the Table of Calibration Settings, you see the A HI (A) calibration test current for the (example) APS-1010P is specified at 80 A.

	CALIBRATION SETTINGS								
Parameter	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P	
V LO (VAC)	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	
V HI (VAC)	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	
A LO (A)	3.000	3.000	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	300.0	
A HI (A)	16.00	25.00	42.00	80.00	160.0	250.0	330.0	500.0	
PLO (kW)	0.3000	0.3000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	30.00	
P HI (kW)	2.000	3.000	5.000	9.000	18.00	27.00	36.00	54.00	

OUTPUT/RESET For 120 VAC and 80 A, your load should have a resistance of

$$R = \frac{V_{rms}}{I_{rms}} = \frac{120 \text{ volts}}{80 \text{ amps}} = 1.50 \text{ ohms.}$$

The power handling capability of the test load must be at least

$$P = \frac{(V_{rms})^2}{R} = \frac{(120 \text{ volts})^2}{1.50 \text{ ohms}} = 9600 \text{ watts} = 9.6 \text{ kW}.$$





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Calibration Instructions

General Information about Calibration

- At the MULTIMETER Display, pressing the RESET button aborts the calibration process.
- The system must be restarted after all calibration operations have been completed.

Entering the Calibration Mode

- At the Multimeter Display, press and continue to hold the LOCK / LOCAL button while turning the power on.
- After about 2 seconds, the unit will execute the calibration program that is appropriate for your particular unit, based on the APS model number. The panel will display the (firmware) version number. XY corresponds to the model number and nominal power rating of your unit.

Frequency	Voltage
Display	Display
[AL	10 XY P

	OUTPUT ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS									
Model: 1	0 X Y	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P	
Total P	ower	2 KVA	3 KVA	5 KVA	10 KVA	20 KVA	30 KVA	40 KVA	60KVA	
Maximum Amps	0 – 150 V	16.8 A	25.2 A	42.0 A	84.0 A	168.0 A	252.0 A	336.0 A	504.0	
	0-300 V	8.4 A	12.6 A	21.0 A	42.0 A	84.0 A	126.0 A	168.0 A	252.0	

- You do not have any use for the version number during calibration.
- Confirm the displayed model number agrees with your unit's external model number. The internal calibration program uses this model number in its activities.
- If there is disagreement between the displayed model number and unit's external model number, you should stop the process, turn off the unit, and contact your distributor or the factory. Please refer to page "v" of this manual for factory contact information.

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Selecting Calibration Parameters

- Following the controlled power-up, your APS unit enters the Low Voltage $(\mathcal{U}-\mathcal{L}\mathcal{D})$ calibration mode.
- Press the FREQUENCY ~ or ~ buttons to select the system parameter you are going to calibrate.
- Pressing FREQUENCY ~ proceeds to the next calibration mode. Pressing FREQUENCY ~ returns to the previous step.
- Low-voltage mode (*U*-∠*D*) calibration
- High-voltage mode (*U*-*H*/) calibration
- Low-current mode (A-LD) calibration
- High-current mode (*A*-*H*/) calibration
- Low-power mode (*P-LD*) calibration
- High-power mode (*P*-*H*/) calibration

Calibration Frequency

Please note, the calibration frequency is internally selected to be 60 Hz. Consequently, there is no user-selectable calibration frequency setting. Please use resistive loads for all of your load-calibration procedures. Resistive loads are not sensitive to frequency.

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Low-Voltage Mode (U-LO) Calibration

- 1. At the FREQUENCY Display, press the \sim or \sim buttons to select \mathcal{U} - \mathcal{U} (V-LO). The low-voltage parameter is calibrated (first) at the beginning of calibration.
- 2. At the OUTPUT Terminals, with no load attached, carefully connect a certified, calibrated RMS voltmeter, of at least 0.2% accuracy, to the output.
- 3. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the TEST button. The APS unit will automatically perform a low-voltage output reading and will output approximately 150 VAC. The external RMS voltmeter will display the actual voltage output, and the current display will show the calibration value (see Calibration Table below).

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
U-LO	<i>150_0</i>	150_0

	Calibration Settings								
Parameter	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P	
V LO (VAC)	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	
V HI (VAC)	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	
A LO (A)	3.000	3.000	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	300.0	
A HI (A)	16.00	25.00	42.00	80.00	160.0	250.0	330.0	500.0	
PLO(kW)	0.3000	0.3000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	30.0	
P HI (kW)	2.000	3.000	5.000	9.000	18.00	27.00	36.00	54.0	

- 4. At the CURRENT Display Adjust the voltage using the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons until the metered values match.
- 5. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the LOCK button to finish low-voltage calibration.
- 6. Proceed to the next calibration function, unless this completes system calibration.
- 7. Note, to exit the Calibration Mode, your APS system must be restarted after you have completed ALL calibration operations.

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High-Voltage Mode (U-HI) Calibration

- 1. At the FREQUENCY Display, press the \sim buttons to select $\mathcal{U}-\mathcal{H}$ (V-HI). The high-voltage parameter is calibrated after you calibrate the low voltage.
- 2. At the OUTPUT Terminals, with no load attached, carefully connect a certified, calibrated RMS voltmeter, of at least 0.2% accuracy, to the output.
- 3. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the TEST button. The APS unit will automatically perform a high-voltage output reading and will output approximately 300 VAC. The external RMS voltmeter will display the actual voltage output. The CURRENT Display shows the calibration value (See Calibration Table, below).

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
<i>Ц-</i>	300_0	300_0

	Calibration Settings								
Parameter	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P	
V LO (VAC)	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	
V HI (VAC)	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	
A LO (A)	3.000	3.000	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	300.0	
A HI (A)	16.00	25.00	42.00	80.00	160.0	250.0	330.0	500.0	
PLO (kW)	0.3000	0.3000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	30.0	
P HI (kW)	2.000	3.000	5.000	9.000	18.00	27.00	36.00	54.0	

- 4. At the CURRENT Display. adjust the voltage using the CURRENT \frown or \smile buttons until the metered values match.
- 5. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the LOCK button to finish high-voltage calibration.
- 6. Proceed to the next calibration function, unless this completes system calibration.
- 7. Note, to exit the Calibration Mode, your APS system must be restarted after you have completed ALL calibration operations.



Low-Current (A-LO) Mode Calibration

- 1. At the FREQUENCY Display, press the \sim button to select *A-LD* (A LO).
- 2. At the OUTPUT Terminals, carefully connect a resistive load and connect a certified, calibrated RMS ammeter, of at least 0.2% accuracy.
- 3. The size of the resistive load should be calculated based on the low-current parameter for your particular APS unit, as shown in the following Calibration Settings Table. Use 120 VAC for the voltage.
- 4. An example calculation is shown on page 6-2 in the Section *Calculation Setup*, subsection *How to Calculate the Size of the Load*.

Calibration Settings								
Parameter	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P
V LO (VAC)	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
V HI (VAC)	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
A LO (A)	3.000	3.000	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	300.0
A HI (A)	16.00	25.00	42.00	80.00	160.0	250.0	330.0	500.0
PLO (kW)	0.3000	0.3000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	30.0
P HI (kW)	2.000	3.000	5.000	9.000	18.00	27.00	36.00	54.0

- 5. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the TEST button. The APS unit will automatically perform a low-current output reading and will output approximately 120 VAC.
- 6. The external RMS ammeter will display the actual current output. The CURRENT Display shows the calibration value (see Calibration Table, above).

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
A-LD	120_0	XX.XX

- 7. Adjust the load or the output voltage until the RMS ammeter displays the value shown in the Calibration Table (above). Please note, the value for your unit will depend on the model.
- 8. At the CURRENT Display, adjust the metered current using the \frown or \checkmark buttons until the metered values match.
- 9. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the LOCK button to complete low-current calibration.

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- 10. Proceed to the next calibration function, unless this completes system calibration.
- 11. Note, to exit the Calibration Mode, your APS system must be restarted after you have completed ALL calibration operations.

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High Current (A-HI) Mode Calibration

- 1. At the FREQUENCY Display, press the \sim button to select *A*-*H*/ (A HI).
- 2. At the OUTPUT Terminals, carefully connect a resistive load and connect a certified, calibrated RMS ammeter, of at least 0.2% accuracy.
- 3. The size of the resistive load should be calculated based on the high-current parameter for your particular APS unit, as shown in the following Calibration Table. Use 120 VAC for the voltage.
- 4. An example calculation is shown on page 6-2 in the Section *Calculation Setup*, subsection *How to Calculate the Size of the Load*.

Calibration Settings								
Parameter	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P
V LO (VAC)	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
V HI (VAC)	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
A LO (A)	3.000	3.000	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	300.0
A HI (A)	16.00	25.00	42.00	80.00	160.0	250.0	330.0	500.0
P LO (kW)	0.3000	0.3000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	30.0
P HI (kW)	2.000	3.000	5.000	9.000	18.00	27.00	36.00	54.0

- 5. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the TEST button. The APS unit will automatically perform a high-current output reading and will output approximately 120 VAC.
- 6. The external RMS ammeter will display the actual current output. The CURRENT Display shows the calibration value (see Calibration Table, above).

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
<i>A-H I</i>	120_0	XX.XX

- 7. Adjust the load or the output voltage until the RMS ammeter displays the value shown in the Calibration Table (above). Please note, the value for your unit will depend on the model.
- 8. At the CURRENT Display, adjust the metered current using the \frown or \smile buttons until the metered values match.
- 9. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the LOCK button to complete high-current calibration.

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- 10. Proceed to the next calibration function, unless this completes system calibration.
- 11. Note, to exit the Calibration Mode, your APS system must be restarted after you have completed ALL calibration operations.

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Low-Power (P-LO) Mode Calibration

- 1. At the FREQUENCY Display, press the \sim button to select *P-LD* (P LO).
- 2. At the OUTPUT Terminals, carefully connect a resistive load and connect a certified, calibrated RMS power meter, of at least 0.2% accuracy.
- 3. The size of the load should be calculated based on the low-current parameter for your particular APS unit, as shown in the following Calibration Table. Use 120 VAC for the voltage.
- 4. An example calculation is shown on page 6-2 in the Section *Calculation Setup*, subsection *How to Calculate the Size of the Load*.

Calibration Settings								
Parameter	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P
V LO (VAC)	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
V HI (VAC)	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
A LO (A)	3.000	3.000	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	300.0
A HI (A)	16.00	25.00	42.00	80.00	160.0	250.0	330.0	500.0
PLO (kW)	0.3000	0.3000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	30.0
P HI (kW)	2.000	3.000	5.000	9.000	18.00	27.00	36.00	54.0

- 5. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the TEST button. The APS unit will automatically perform a low-power output reading and will output approximately 120 VAC.
- 6. The external RMS power meter will display the actual power output. The CURRENT Display shows the calibration value (see Calibration Table, above).

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
P-LO	120_0	X.XX

- 7. Adjust the load or the output voltage until the RMS power meter displays the value shown in the Calibration Table (above). Please note, the value for your unit will depend on the model.
- 8. At the CURRENT Display, adjust the metered power using the \frown or \smile buttons until the metered values match.
- 9. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the LOCK button to complete low-power calibration.

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- 10. Proceed to the next calibration function, unless this completes system calibration.
- 11. Note, to exit the Calibration Mode, your APS system must be restarted after you have completed ALL calibration operations.

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High-Power (P-HI) Mode Calibration

- 1. At the FREQUENCY Display, press the \sim button to select *P-HI* (P HI).
- 2. At the OUTPUT Terminals, carefully connect a resistive load and connect a certified, calibrated RMS power meter, of at least 0.2% accuracy.
- 3. The size the load should be calculated based on the high-current parameter for your particular APS unit, as shown in the following Calibration Table. Use 120 VAC for the voltage.
- 4. An example calculation is shown on page 6-2 in the Section *Calculation Setup*, subsection *How to Calculate the Size of the Load*.

Calibration Settings								
Parameter	1002P	1003P	1005P	1010P	1020P	1030P	1040P	1060P
V LO (VAC)	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0
V HI (VAC)	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
A LO (A)	3.000	3.000	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	300.0
A HI (A)	16.00	25.00	42.00	80.00	160.0	250.0	330.0	500.0
PLO (kW)	0.3000	0.3000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000	30.0
P HI (kW)	2.000	3.000	5.000	9.000	18.00	27.00	36.00	54.0

- 5. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the TEST button. The APS unit will automatically perform a high-power output reading and will output approximately 120 VAC.
- 6. The external RMS power meter will display the actual power output. The CURRENT Display shows the calibration value (see Calibration Table, above).

Frequency	Voltage	Current
Display	Display	Display
P-H/	120_0	X.XX

- 7. Adjust the load or the output voltage until the RMS power meter displays the value shown in the Calibration Table (above). Please note, the value for your unit will depend on the model.
- 8. At the CURRENT Display, adjust the metered power using the \frown or \smile buttons until the metered values match.
- 9. At the MULTIMETER Display, press the LOCK button to complete high-power calibration.

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- 10. Proceed to the next calibration function, unless this completes system calibration.
- 11. Note, to exit the Calibration Mode, your APS system must be restarted after you have completed ALL calibration operations.

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Chapter 7 System Maintenance

Overview

Chapter 7 describes the maintenance procedures you should perform. This is a very short chapter because, other than keeping air filters clean, there is almost no user maintenance required.

Introduction

No internal parts require user maintenance. If the equipment appears to have a malfunction, please contact APS or the distributor for service (see page "v"). The wiring and block diagram are for reference only.

Scheduled Maintenance

The APS-1000P Series Frequency Converters should be inspected and calibrated once per year to ensure safety and accuracy of the equipment. Air vents must be kept clear of obstructions. If the equipment is used on a regular basis in a dusty environment, more frequent cleaning may be necessary.

Modification

Do not modify this equipment. Any modifications void the warranty automatically, and violate the tested safety standards of the unit. APS does not take responsibility for such equipment. Parts or accessories not certified by APS will not be covered under the warranty. If any modification is detected in equipment returned for service, the equipment will be returned immediately by APS and the customer will be charged for this inspection / service.

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System Design

APS-1000P Series power converters are high power Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) switching amplifiers. The internal switching frequency is 10 kHz. This frequency is 222 times higher than the lowest operating frequency (45 Hz) and 20 times higher than the highest operating frequency (500 Hz). The choice of switching frequency provides high resolution and ensures removal of high frequency harmonics. The all-digital control circuitry meters and displays system outputs, in addition to generating control signals. The system is microprocessor-based. Firmware in a proprietary EEPROM allows APS-configuration upgrades.



System Block Diagram

If you are interested in how the APS-1000P works, you can learn more by reviewing the System Block Diagram on the following page. Please note, the block diagram is supplied for information purposes only. There are no serviceable components available to the user.



APS-1000P Series Block Diagram



APS-1000P Series System Block Diagram